

ACE ROOF COATINGS, INC.

Safety Data Sheet <u>HydroSHIELD[™]</u> Rust Inhibitor SECTION 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product name

HydroSHIELD[™] Rust Inhibitor

Product number Brand 7898500 HydroSHIELD™

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Acrylic Rust Inhibiting Roof Primer

Supplier's details

Name Address Ace Roof Coatings, Inc. 4821 Grisham Drive Rowlett, TX 75088 United States

Telephone972-864-0240Fax469-366-9219emailinfo@arcroofcoat.com

Emergency phone number(s)

INFOTRAC - 800-535-5053 OUTSIDE UNITED STATES CALL COLLECT 1-352-323-3500

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

- Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 1B

- Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard (chapter 4.1), Cat. 1

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Hazard statement(s) H314 H400

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage Very toxic to aquatic life

Precautionary statement(s) P260 P264 P280 P301+P330+P331

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash ... thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P391	Collect spillage.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Hazardous components 1. Calcium carbonate

Concentration CAS no.	25 - 45 % (Weight) 471-34-1
2. TITANIUM DIOXIDE Concentration CAS no.	5 - 10 % (Weight) 13463-67-7
3. Component 3 (trade secret) Concentration	1 - 5 % (Weight)
4. Component 4 (trade secret) Concentration	30 - 50 % (Weight)
5. Component 5 (trade secret) Concentration	1 - 4 % (Weight)
6. Texanol Concentration CAS no.	5 - 10 % (Weight) 25265-77-4
7. Component 7 (trade secret) Concentration	1 - 4 % (Weight)
8. Component 8 (trade secret) Concentration	1 - 4 % (Weight)
 9. Ammonium hydroxide (28 -30% N Concentration EC no. CAS no. Index no. Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2) Hazardous to the aquatic environme 	2 - 5 % (Weight) 215-647-6 1336-21-6 007-001-01-2

H314 H400	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage Very toxic to aquatic life
10. Component 10 (trade secret) Concentration	1 - 4 % (Weight)
11. Component 11 (trade secret) Concentration	0.5 - 1 % (Weight)
12. Component 12 (trade secret) Concentration	5 - 10 % (Weight)

Trade secret statement (OSHA 1910.1200(i))

Specific chemical identity and exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice	No severe or acute health hazards are known to be associated with the use of this product. Avoid inhalation of heated vapors or spray mists. Common irritation symptoms-headache, nausea, nose and throat irritation-may result from overexposure.	
If inhaled	Remove victim from exposure to well-ventilated area. If breathing is labored, qualified personnel should administer oxygen. Apply artificial respiration if breathing has ceased or shows signs of failing.	
In case of skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation, redness, or a burning sensation develops and persists, obtain medical advice. Contaminated clothing should be thoroughly cleaned before reuse.	
In case of eye contact	Immediately flush eyes running water for a minimum of 15 minutes. Hold eyelids open during flushing. If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Obtain medical attention IMMEDIATELY.	
If swallowed	Do NOT induce vomiting. Provided the patient is conscious, wash out mouth with water then give 1 or 2 glasses of water to drink. Refer person to medical personnel for immediate attention.	
Personal protective equipment for first-aid responders		

None

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed No data available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary No data available.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Carbon oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with a full-face piece operated in the positive pressure demand mode when fighting fires. As appropriate for surrounding materials/equipment. If electrical equipment is involved, the use of foam should be avoided. No unusual fire or explosion hazards.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area.

Environmental precautions

In case of large spill, dike the area to prevent this material from entering water systems or sewers.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Absorb spill with an absorbent material such as sawdust, vermiculite or sand, and place in a closed container.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid breathing aerosols, mists and vapors. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact (See Section 8 – Exposure Control for details)

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Avoid storage above 100 °F. Do not freeze.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

1. Titanium dioxide - Total dust (CAS: 13463-67-7) PEL (Inhalation): 15 mg/m3 (OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

2. Titanium dioxide - Total dust (CAS: 13463-67-7)

PEL (Inhalation): See PNOR (Cal/OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

3. Titanium dioxide - Total dust (CAS: 13463-67-7)

REL (Inhalation): Ca, (ultrafine particles), 2.4 mg/m3Ęfine), 0.3 mg/m3(ultrafine), See Appendix A, See Appendix C (NIOSH)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV (s). General ventilation is commended. Additional local exhaust ventilation is recommended where vapors, mists, or aerosols may be released. For guidance on engineering control measures refer to publications such as the ACGIH current edition of "Industrial Ventilation, a manual of Recommended Practice."

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised. However, OSHA regulations also permit other types of safety glasses. (Consult your safety equipment supplier)

Skin protection

Wear protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Keep exposed skin area to a minimum. Protective clothing should be selected and used in accordance with "Guidelines for the Selection of Chemical Protective Clothing" published by ACGIH. Eye wash station and safety shower should be available.

Body protection

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

This product has demonstrated no observable effects at room temperature; however, it is highly recommended that an air-purifying respirator with organic filter cartridges be worn. In addition, in any interior, confined space, spray application, a supplied air source must be provided. When the product is sprayed or heated without adequate ventilation, an approved MSHA/NIOSH positive-pressure, supplied-air respirator may be required. Air purifying respirators equipped with organic vapor cartridges and a Hepa (P100) particulate filter may be used under certain conditions when a cartridge change-out schedule has been developed in accordance with the OSHA preparatory protection standard (29 CFR. 1910.134).

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

No data available.

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions None known.

Conditions to avoid Do NOT Freeze!

Incompatible materials None known.

Hazardous decomposition products No data available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Skin corrosion/irritation

Exposure causes skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking. Skin adsorption is possible, but harmful effects are not expected from this route of exposure under normal conditions of handling and use.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Exposure to liquid or vapor causes eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness and swelling.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Short-term inhalation toxicity is low. Breathing small amounts during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Breathing large amounts may cause overexposure symptoms, such as headache, nausea, and irritation of nose and throat.

Carcinogenicity

This product is or contains a component that is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity based on its IARC, ACGIH,NTP, or EPA classification.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal of the product

Liquid waste must be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State and local regulations. Incineration is the preferred method.

Disposal of contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be decontaminated and either passed to an approved drum recycler or destroyed.

Waste treatment

In its cured (solid) form, this product is considered non-hazardous, and can usually be land filled. For further information contact your state or local solid waste agency or the United States Environmental Protection Agency's RCRA hotline (1-800-434-9300).

Sewage disposal

Chemical waste, even small quantities should never be poured down drains, sewers or waterways.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not dangerous goods

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Common name: TITANIUM DIOXIDE CAS number: 13463-67-7

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components Chemical name: Titanium oxide CAS number: 13463-67-7

Massachusetts Right To Know Components Chemical name: Ammonium hydroxide CAS number: 1336-21-6

New Jersey Right To Know Components Common name: AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE CAS number: 1336-21-6

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components Chemical name: Ammonium hydroxide CAS number: 1336-21-6

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Common name: ZINC CHROMATE CAS number: 13530-65-9

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Chromic acid, zinc salt (1:1) CAS number: 13530-65-9

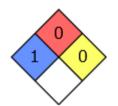
California Prop. 65 components

Chemical name: Zinc chromate CAS number: 13530-65-9 02/27/1987 - Cancer 12/19/2008 - Developmental, female, male

HMIS Rating

HydroSHIELD [™] Rust Inhibitor		
HEALTH	1	
FLAMMABILITY	0	
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0	
PERSONAL PROTECTION	X	

NFPA Rating



SECTION 16: Other information

GHS formatting changes.

Further information/disclaimer

This information relates to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date compiled. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee, expressed or implied, is made as to its accuracy, reliability, or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability and completeness of such information for his particular use. We do not accept liability for any loss or damage that may occur from the use of this information. Nothing herein shall be construed as a recommendation for uses which infringe valid patents or as extending a license of valid patents.

Preparation information

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